

September 24, 2024

Bruce Rineer, Manager, Noise Section



### Overview

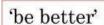
### Issue/Concern

- Residents of close-in communities share concerns with noise that they attribute to nighttime runup operations
- Runups happen relatively infrequently, and only in designated areas
- Nighttime noise exists due to aircraft taxi operations, start of takeoff roll and use of reverse thrust on arrival.

#### <u>Agenda</u>

- Run-Up Frequency
- MAA Tenant Directives
- Other sources of Ground Noise







## MAA Tenant Directives Related to Ground Noise

- MAA regulates ground activity via two Tenant Directives:
  - Tenant Directive BWI 203.1 –
    Aircraft Pushback Procedures
  - Tenant Directive BWI 501.1 –
    Noise Abatement Procedures

Tenant Directive 203.1

C. Reverse-thrust power-back operations are limited to military aircraft on remote parking spots and are approved on a case-by-case basis by Airport Operations.

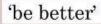
- 4. Control of Ground Based Noise Sources
  - a. Power-back Restrictions: Reverse-thrust power-back operations are limited to military aircraft on remote parking spots and are approved on a case-by-case basis by Airport Operations consistent with Tenant Directive 203.1.
  - Engine Maintenance Runup Restrictions: Maintenance engine run-up reporting procedures, locations, durations, and prohibitions are restricted as follows:

Summary of engine maintenance runup restrictions:

Location	Heading	Duration
RWY 10 Hold Block	190 - 220 Degrees	60 Seconds or Less
RWY 33L Hold Block	140 - 160 Degrees	60 Seconds or Less
	ess specifically exempted, run-ups are r	act cuthorized behaves 2200

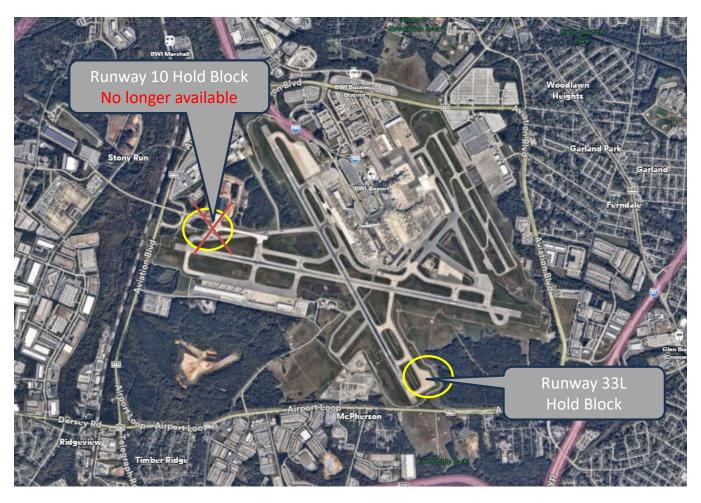
Tenant Directive 501.1







# **Engine Maintenance Runup Restrictions**



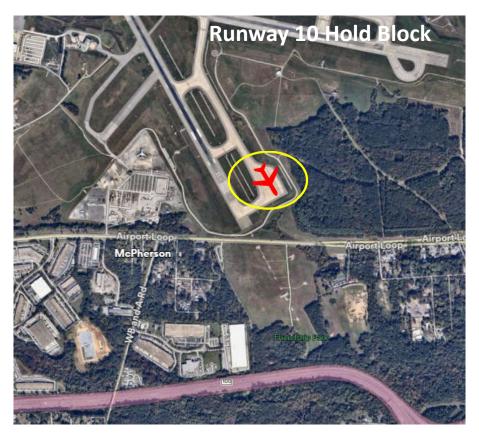




# **Engine Maintenance Runup Restrictions**

## Runway 33L Hold Block

- Prior permission required
- Heading 140-160 degrees
- 60 seconds or less in duration





'be better'







'be better'